### **UMJINDI LOCAL MUNICIPALITY**

(DRAFT)

#### 2012/13 MEDIUM-TERM REVENUE AND

# EXPENDITURE FRAMEWORK (MTREF)

## **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

Core Business Area	Financial Services Directorate		
Operational Area	Budget & Treasury Section		

Owner: Umjindi Budget & Treasury Section Client: Umjindi Local Municipality

Document Classification: **Public**© Umjindi Local Municipality 2012

	DOCUMENT APPROVAL	1	
Position	Name Name	Signature	Approval Date
Mayor	L Mashaba		29 March 2012
Acting Municipal Manager	D Ndlovu		29 March 2012
Chief Financial Officer	P Mpele		29 March 2012
Business Owner	C van der Westhuizen		29 March 2012
EFFECTIVE DATE: 1 J	ULY 2012	** N	



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#### 1. PURPOSE

1.1 The purpose of the report is to table the Draft 2012/2013 Medium-Term Revenue and Expenditure Framework (MTREF) before Council in terms of Section 24(1) of the Local Government: Municipal Finance Management Act (MFMA), 2003 Act 56 of 2003, which states that the municipal council must at least 30 days before the start of the budget year consider approval of the annual budget.

### 2. BACKGROUND

- 2.1 The 2012/13 MTREF will be remembered for the tremendous challenges that the Municipality encountered during the compilation of the 2011/2012 MTREF and the dooming audit report for the year ended on 30 June 2010 and 30 June 2011 that are yet to be overcome.
- 2.2 The 2011/12 Adjustment Budget in January 2012 directly informed the compilation of the draft 2012/13 MTREF, aligned to the spirit of the MFMA, and more specifically the principle of multi-year budgeting.
- 2.3 The Ministry of Finance has issued new regulations prescribing the budget and reporting standards, including the formats for municipal budgets as required by the MFMA for the 2010/11 budget year that will continue for the 2012/13 budget year with amendments to the Reporting Schedules (Version 2.4)
- 2.4 The object of these Regulations is to secure sound and sustainable management of the budgeting and reporting practices of the municipalities and municipal entities by establishing uniform norms and standards and other requirements for ensuring transparency, accountability and appropriate lines of responsibility in budgeting and reporting processes of those institutions and other relevant matters as required by the Act

- 2.5 The DRAFT 2012/13 MTREF is now being tabled in Council for consideration and adoption according to the new prescribed format that come into effect during the 2010/2011 year (MFMA circular 54 option 2) and (MFMA Circular No 58 dated 14 December 2011)
- 2.6 The technical work on the budget will be completed to ensure that all corrections is being done and ready to be presented to the council for approving on 1 June 2012
- 2.7 To implement the new regulations that come into effect 2010/2011 MTREF in the prescribed budget formats poses many challenges for the municipality. Not only has the budget formats changed drastically, it has also increased considerably in the amount of schedules, supporting tables and graphs to be completed and submitted. (Version 2.4)
- 2.8 A magnitude of statistical information was also added to the new formats of which the information should be obtained from various sources and is not readily available due to the financial system (Finstel ) that reaches the end of its life. The challenges will continue for the compilation of the 2012/13 MTREF.
- 2.9 A detailed assets management table has also been added to the required submissions which should be compiled in terms of the asset register which is still in the process of being refined.
- 2.10 A last addition to the regulations is a quality certificate that needs to be completed by the Accounting Officer, declaring that the budget and supporting documentation has been compiled in accordance with the MFMA.

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2.11 According to the budget timetable schedule approved by Council in August 2011, the draft 2012/13 MTREF must be tabled before the Executive Mayor by 30 March 2012 to ensure a transparent, efficient and effective community consultation process to ensure that the final 2012/13 MTREF be approved in June 2012.

- 2.12 The MSA, chapter 4 deals with community participation. With specific reference to the budget process, section 16(i) and (iv) stipulates that a municipality must encourage and create conditions for the local community to participate in the affairs of the municipality, including in the preparation, implementation and review of its Integrated Development Plan and the preparation of its budget.
- 2.13 Section 22 of the MFMA also stipulated that immediately after an annual budget is tabled in a municipal council the Accounting Officer must make public the annual budget and documents; invite the local community to submit representations in connection with the budget and submit the annual budget to the National Treasury and the relevant Provincial Treasury in printed and electronic formats.
- 2.14 Section 23(2) of the MFMA stipulates further that "after considering all budget submissions, the Council must give the Executive Mayor an opportunity-
- 2.14.1 To respond to the submissions; and
- 2.14.2 If necessary, to revise the budget and table amendments for consideration by Council.
- 2.15 The 2012/13 budget circular (The MFMA Circular 58) served before the council on 23 February 2012 and council will have to note the contents of the circular.



### 3. BUDGET ASSUMPTIONS

- 3.1 Budgets are prepared in an environment of uncertainty and assumptions need to be made about internal and external factors that could impact on the budget during the course of the financial year
- 3.2 In compiling the 2012/13 MTREF, the following issues and assumptions that already started during the very difficult 2011/2012 MTREF process were taken into consideration as the economic meltdown in 2010/11 continued in 2011 with the ripple effects in 2012 and still have a major effect on the budget planning process and outcomes:
- 3.2.1 Economic climate:
- 3.2.2 Poverty levels;
- 3.2.3 Inflation; and
- 3.2.4 Service delivery cost increases
- 3.2 Tariff and Property Rate increases (<u>That is unavoidable</u>) should be affordable and on line with the CPIX, however taking into account the need to address infrastructure requirements
- 3.4 No budget will be allocated for capital projects unless the request is included in the IDP
- 3.5 The disposal of municipal vacant land (Stands to be sold) will be included as anticipated revenue to be realized and form part of the budget. The council will have to provide in future for more stands to be made available to middle and high income groups that can afford payment for services and which will expand the revenue base of the municipality.
- 3.6 Operational costs will be maintained at current levels or reduced as cost curtailment measures
- 3.7 The "Ring Fence" of specific allocations in the Equitable Share as received from National Treasury will not be done to departments except for electricity (NEP-Grant) where counter

- funding needs to be done to ensure that the grant transfer is secured but the conditional allocations (e.g MIG and NEP) will be "Ring Fence" for implementation of projects
- 3.8 Budget allocations for externally funded projects be maintained at approved levels
- 3.9 Cash flow projections should be strictly maintained to ensure the municipality's ability to meet its obligations.
- 3.10 It is assumed that Umjindi will share in the economic growth forecasted for the country during the State of the Nation address regarding infrastructure funding and particularly for Mpumalanga.
- 3.11 Most general expenditure budget items and the repairs and maintenance budgets have been increased by less than 6% to for the 2012/13 budget year.
- 3.12 The 2012/13 budget has included a price increase of 13% for bulk electricity purchases based on National Treasury's guideline for electricity tariff increase as contemplated in the MFMA circular 58 & 59 and the National Treasury guideline and the Revision of Municipal Tariff Benchmarks dated 13 March 2012.
- 3.13 Employees salaries and contributions have not been increased in line with the MFMA Circular No 58 & 59 at 5% but a Provisional increase of 6% is budgeted for.
- 3.14 Increase for Councilors allowances has been allowed for in the 2012/13 budget in line with the Remuneration of Public Office Bearers Act (No. 20 of 1998)
- 3.15 The budget makes provision for ±2000 indigent household to be registered, approved and receiving free basic services in 2012/13

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3.16 This budget does not make provision for Council to enter into any new loans for capital funding purposes.

- 3.17 Provision for non-receipt of billed income has been made in the budget (this is called the working capital budget). It is assumed that of the total income budget 89% will be received as actual income. Collection rate currently varies between 71% and 85%.
- 3.18 The Equitable Share, Finance Management Grant, Municipal System Improvement Grant, National Electrification Programme Grant and EPWP Incentive Grant where determined in line with the 2012/13 Division of Revenue Bill (Government Gazette No. 35022 of 7 February 2012)

### 4. BUDGET HIGHLIGHTS

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- 4.1 An amount of R4, 046 million has been budgeted for the indigent household subsidization
- 4.2 An amount of R2, 684 million has been budgeted for free basic services to other residents (6KI Water to all residential consumers
- 4.3 An amount of R39, 955 million has been budgeted for infrastructure and institutional development (MIG=R26, 155 Million and NEP=R10, 400 million plus Equitable share counter funding of R3, 400 million)
- 4.4 The envisaged sources of funding for the Capital Budget must be properly considered and the Council is satisfied that this funding is available and has not been committed for other purposes.

## 5. OPERATING BUDGET

5.1 The following table represents the 2012/13 MTREF as informed by the 2011/12 Adjustment Budget, Integrated Development Plan and various other best practice methodologies eg. Balanced budget constraint, affordability of services to the community within the context of sustainability

DESCRIPTION	BUDGET 2012/13	% OF BUDGET
Operating Revenue by GFS Vote	R 000	
Council(Executive Mayor and councilors)	2 515	1
Financial Services	64 859	33
Corporate Services	4	0.1
Community Services	1 275	1
Developmental Planning & Housing	6 539	3
Waste Management	11 065	6
Waste Water Management	5 465	3
Roads Transport	2 793	1
Water	20 679	11
Electricity	75 382	40
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUE	190 577	100
1 8 1 8	V3 SV ( 2 // )	
Operating Expenditure by GFS Vote	1 58 2	7
Council(Executive Mayor and councilors)	16 020	7
Financial Services	63 445	29
Corporate Services	7 473	3
Community Services	11 728	5
Developmental Planning & Housing	15 847	7
Waste Management	9 728	4
Waste Water Management	4 180	2
Roads Transport	11 867	5
Water	10 701	5

Electricity	69 728	32
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENDITURE	220 718	100
	TS II	
SURPLUS / (DEFICIT)	-30 141	

- 5.2 The deficit of –R 30 141 does include non-cash items for asset depreciation of R30 185
- 5.3 Departments utilised the month of December 2011 (year-to-date figures) to capture detail budget proposal. The budget proposals were analyzed during various management (budget) meetings which took place during February / March 2012.
- 5.4 Departments were given the opportunity to refine their budget proposals in line with the budget principles and availability of revenue.
- 5.5 These sessions did not only focus on expenditure, but revenue generation potential within the context of improved service delivery, operational efficiencies and potential gains



## 6. EXTERNAL FUNDS (GRANTS) - DORA

6.1 With the promulgation of the 2012 Division of Revenue bill in February 2012, the following operational and capital allocations towards the municipality have been factored into the MTREF

DESCRIPTION	BUDGET 2011/12	BUDGET 2012/13	INCREASE/
			(DECREASE)
			%
MIG	22 407 000	27 245 000	18
INEP	12 783 750	10 400 000	-23
FMG	1 250 000	1 500 000	17
MSIG	790 000	800 000	1
EPWP Incentive	536 000	1 493 000	64
Equitable Share	42 081 000	45 152 000	7
World Heritage	0	0	0
TOTAL GRANTS	79 847 750	86 590 000	7

6.2 The table below illustrates how the above grants have been allocated to the various projects in the 2012/13 budget year:

DECDRIPTION	EXPENDITURE	
MUNICIPAL INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT (MIG)	R′000	
Water- AC pipes with PVC(phase 5)	8 000	
Bulk water supply- KaMadakwa-Ndlovu and	2 432	
eM <mark>jindi</mark> ni trust (Galaxy gold mine)	LABO	
Roads & Storm water	10 000	
Remedial work: Lomati dam	4 362	
Sport infrastructure development	1 362	
PMU	1 089	
TOTAL	27 245	

INTERGRATED N	NATIONAL	R′000
ELECTRIFICATION PROGRAMME (II	NEP)	
Kamadakwa-Ndlovu(Phase1-200 hous	ses)	2 200
Sheba siding (Phase 1-290 houses)		3 200
Bulk supply and Substation eMjir	ndini trust	5 000
(Phase1)		of the last of the
Sub-Total INEP grant funding	1	10 400
Sub-Total Equitable share counter for	unding	3 400
TOTAL	RELE	13 800
	000	
MUNICIPAL SYSTEMS INPRO	OVEMENT	
GRANT (MSIG)		
Valuation roll	1111	300
Ward committee activities (cell phone a	airtime)	250
Correction of asset register		250
TOTAL		800
	10000	
FINANCE MANAGEMENT GRANT (F	MG)	R′000
CPMD Training	795	400
Appointment of 3 Finance Interns	· las	500
Compilation of Annual financial Statem	nents(Case	300
ware program updates)		
Internal Financial Management V	Workshops	300
(SEBATA Financial training/GRAP)		ARO
TOTAL	1	1 500

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EQUITABLE SHARE	R′000
Councilors Allowances	2 192
Free Basic Services to all residents(Water 6KI)	2 684
Subsidy for Indigent households	4 046
Pre-paid services (Cell phone connections)	5
Indigent registration process – temps & advert	100
Ward committee meetings	20
Provision of free alternative energy-Sheba	650
Siding	
Provision of free basic service to farms bordering	2
municipal boundary – ESKOM	
Capital Projects counter funding: Electricity	3 400
Operational Budget support	32 053
TOTAL	45 152
EPWP INCENTIVE GRANT	R′000
Labor intensive projects	1 493
TOTAL	1 493

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## 7. CAPITAL BUDGET

7.1 The following table indicates the 2012/2013 Medium-term Capital Budget per Department and funding source

DEPARTMENT	PROJECT	INTERNAL	EXTERNAL	TOTAL
		FUNDS	FUNDS	
CIVIL SERVICES				
MIG	Bulk water-eMjindini trust		2 432 000	2 431 000
	AC pipes (Phase 5)		8 000 000	8 000 000
	Remedial work Lomati dam	and	4 362 000	4 361 000
	Roads and storm water		10 000 000	10 000 000
	Road and Storm water for Ext 9 (main road)  Road and Storm water for Spearville linked lower Dindela, New village (3 streets), lower part of Spearville (behind Dr. Dlamini Surgery via Mkhize Park going down, 5 streets to be prioritised over the period of 2 years) and  Main road and stormwater for Verulam.	*/		
8	Sport infrastructure		1 362 000	1 362 000
	PMU	AB	1 089 000	1 089 000
COI	Bulk sewer line: Dikbas	1 000 000	ORE	1 000 000
Valley	Bulk water meters	250 000		250 000
TOTAL	61	1 250 000	27 245 000	28 495 000
ELECTRICAL SERVICES				
INEP	Kamadakwa-Ndlovu (Phase1- 200H)		2 200 000	2 200 000
	Sheba siding (Phase1-290H)		3 200 000	3 200 000

	Bulk supply eMjindini trust		5 000 000	5 000 000
	Flash suites electricians	35 000		35 000
	Tools for workshop	34 000		34 000
	Furniture foe workshop	6 000		6 000
	TOTAL DME grant funding	75 000	10 400 000	10 475 000
	TOTAL Equitable share	C. Carlotte	3 400 000	3 400 000
	counter funding (Electricity)	1		
COMMUNITY SERVI	CES			
	1x Tractor	240 000		240 000
	3x Kudu grass cutters	90 000		90 000
	Machinery & equipment testing	130 000		130 000
	ground (Traffic)			
	Office furniture traffic	9 000	2	9 000
	Fire brigade suites (3)	42 000		42 000
	Enclosed shelters cemetery	20 000	20	20 000
	Renovate swimming pool-	80 000		80 000
	Cathyville	401/4		
	Computer Admin assistant (1)	11 000		11 000
	Office furniture Admin assistant	2 300		2 300
TOTAL	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	624 300		624 300
MUNICIPAL MANAG	ER			
6	Office furniture-I/audit	30 000		30 000
21	Office chairs (2)	8 000	00	8 000
TOTAL	100	38 000	THE	38 000
CORPORATE SERV	ICES	100		
	Office furniture-committee room	25 000		25 000
	chairs			
	Office furniture	15 000		15 000
TOTAL		40 000		40 000
L	ļ	,		

FINANCIAL			
SERVICES			
	Cell phone meter readers (Meter readings via cell phones)	150 000	150 000
TOTAL	11/	150 000	150 000

		1		
PLANNING				
	Office furniture Development	15 000		15 000
	planning-Metal detector & File			
	binders			
TOTAL	SUPPLIE	15 000		15 000
TOTAL CAPEX		2 222 300	41 045 000	43 267 300

- 7.2 The total draft capital budget currently equates to R 43 267 million.
- 7.3 Departments have to take into account their capacity to spend the requested budgets against the allocated projects in order to ensure implementation and provision of services delivery.



### 8. REVENUE FRAMEWORK

- 8.1 In order to serve the community and to render the services needed, revenue generation is fundamental to financial sustainability of every municipality
- 8.2 The reality is that we are faced with developmental backlogs and poverty, challenging our revenue generation capacity. The requests always exceed the available funds. This was even more obvious when compiling the 2012/2013 MTREF
- 8.3 Municipalities must table a balanced and more credible budget, based on realistic estimation of revenue that are consistent with their budgetary resources and collection experience
- 8.4 The revenue strategy is a function of key components such as:
- 8.4.1 Growth in town and economic development;
- 8.4.2 Revenue enhancement;
- 8.4.3 Achievement of 90% annualized collection rate for consumer revenue;
- 8.4.4 National Treasury guidelines;
- 8.4.5 Electricity tariff increases within National Electrification Regulator of South Africa (NERSA) approval
- 8.4.6 Approval of full cost recovery of specific department;
- 8.4.7 Determining tariff escalation rate by establishing/calculating revenue requirement; and
- 8.4.8 Ensuring ability to extent new services and recovering of costs thereof
- 8.5 The following table is a high level summary of the 2012/2013 MTREF (Classified per main revenue source)
- 8.6 Increase revenue base through providing stands to be sold to middle and high income earners and commercial who can afford to pay for municipal services

DESCRIPTION	APPROVED BUDGET	ADJUSTME NT BUDGET	BUDGET YEAR	% INCREASE /	BUDGET YEAR	BUDGET YEAR
	2011/12	2011/12	2012/13	(DECREAS	2013/14	2014/15
	2011/12	2011/12	2012/13	E)	2013/14	2014/13
On analina a Daviania hi	Diooo	Diooo	Diooo	" "	Droop	Droop
Operating Revenue by	R′000	R'000	R′000	%	R′000	R′000
Source		Contract of the Contract of th	A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR			
Property rates	18 052	18 <mark>052</mark>	20 776	13	22 023	23 244
Electricity	62 830	62 830	71 079	12	75 343	79 865
Water	19 119	19 119	20 266	6	21 481	22 771
Sanitation	5 137	5 137	5 445	6	5 782	6 118
Refuse Removal	6 649	6 649	11 039	40	11 702	13 404
Grants	25 708	25 708	50 104	49	55 990	54 456
Interest & Inv Inc	550	550	500	-10	530	561
Rent of facilities	1 323	1 323	1 229	-8	1 303	1 382
Interest on O/S debt	2 660	2 660	2 100	-27	2 226	2 359
Traffic fines	231	231	301	23	318	337
Fines	2	2	4	50	4	5
Licenses and permits	2	2	3	33	3	3
Other (Miscellaneous)	20 494	14 494	7 731	-87	5 469	4 883
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUE	162 757	156 757	190 577	18	202 174	209 388



#### 9. TARIFF SETTING

- 9.1 Umjindi Municipality derives its revenue from the provision of services such as electricity, water, sanitation and refuse removal. A considerable portion of the revenue is also derived from property rates and grants by national governments as well as other minor charges such as traffic fines.
- 9.2 Tariff increases are primarily driven by the Consumer Price Index (CPIX). It is due to circumstances not possible to, as in the past, follows the CPIX in the tariff setting for the 2012/2013 MTREF. All the tariffs have been increased by a percentage of 6% if not indicated on attached schedule to this document.
- 9.3 It is realised that the ability of the community to pay for services rendered is also under tremendous pressure and that the economic outlook for the near future require everybody to make sacrifices.
- 9.4 The additional revenue that will be generated through tariff increased has to ensure continued service delivery.
- 9.5 Tariff increases were therefore calculated at 6% with regards to the main services, with the exception of electricity and refuse removal. This owing to the special circumstance regarding power security in South Africa and the losses currently being incurred on refuse removal.
- 9.6 By drastically increasing tariffs on essential commodities, more strain will be added for the already cash stripped resident households
- 9.7 Increases beyond the 6% included in the draft MTREF will only add to bad debt which is already high and a decline in the cash flow
- 9.8 The outcome of the increases in tariffs (Revenue) on different revenue categories is as follows:

DETAILS	2012/13 PROPOSED	2012/13 TOTAL
	TARIFF INCREASE	BUDGETED REVENUE
		R′000
Property Rates	6%	20 776
Electricity	11.03%	71 079
Water	6	20 266
Sanitation	6	5 445
Refuse Removal	Total new tariff structure	11 039
TOTAL	RIVA	128 605

#### 9.9 **Property Rates**

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- 9.9.1 Property rates cover the shortfall on the provision of general services. Determining the effective property rate tariff is therefore an integral part of the municipality's budgeted process
- 9.9.2 The total revenue expected to be generated from rendering this service amounts to R 20 776 million for the 2012/2013 financial year.
- 9.9.3 The categories of rate-able properties for purposes of levying rates and the proposed rates that increases with 6% are as follows:



CATEGORY	CURRENT	PROPOSED
	TARIFF 2011/12	TARIFF 2012/13
	(No VAT)	(No VAT)
- /	С	С
Residential	0.00968	0.01026
Business & Commercial	0.01935	0.02051
Industrial	0.01935	0.02051
State owned residential	0.00968	0.01026
State owned non-residential	0.00968	0.01026
Agricultural residential	0.00968	0.01026
Agricultural non-residential (Land solely for	0.00968	0.01026
farming)		
Agricultural non-residential (Business)	0.00968	0.01026
Agricultural vacant land	0.00484	0.00513
All non agricultural land	0.00484	0.00513
All non-permitted use	0.00484	0.00513



#### 9.10 **Water**

- 9.10.1 A 6% increase in water tariffs applicable to the residents of Umjindi is proposed
- 9.10.2 The total revenue expected to be generated from rendering this service amounts to R 20 226 million for the 2012/2013 financial year.
- 9.10.3 A summary of the proposed tariffs **(VAT EXCLUDED)** for households (residential) and non-residential are as follows:

	A 100 M		
CATEGORY	CURRENT TARIFFS	PROPOSED	PROPOSED
	2011/12	TARIFFS 2012/13	TARIFFS 2012/13
	(Excluding VAT)	(Excluding VAT)	(Including VAT
	Per KI	Per KI	
	R	R	
Monthly Basic Charge per Category	110	200	
Residential 0 – 6 kl Approved indigents Free)	34.24	36.29	41.37
Residential: Developed & Churches	34.24	36.29	41.37
Residential: eMjindini Developed & Churches	31.05	32.91	37.52
Residential: Undeveloped	63.41	<mark>6</mark> 7.22	76.63
Business	63.41	67.22	76.63
Prison farm	92 402.06	97946.18	111 658.64
Purified Water per Month	20 23 VA	1	
Residential Consumer 0 – 6 kl	Free	Free	Free
All consumers 7 kl – 25 kl	4.88	5.17	5.90
26 kl – 35 kl	5.55	5.88	6.70
36 kl and above	5.57	5.90	6.73
Unpurified Water to Industries and	61		
Crocodile Farm			
First 500 kl or part thereof	448.09	474.98	541.47
Above 500 kl	1,58	1.68	1.91
<u>l</u>	i e		1

CATEGORY	CURRENT	PROPOSED	PROPOSED
	TARIFFS 2011/12	TARIFFS 2012/13	TARIFFS 2012/13
	(Excluding VAT)	(Excluding VAT)	(Including VAT)
New Connection Charges			
- /	Cost + 15%		
Testing of Meter	250000		
Where meter show an error of less than 2,5%	120.79	128.03	146.96
Where meter show an error of more than 2,5%	N/C	N/C	N/C
Water Connection	R		
Water connection	1 280.35	1 357.17	1 547.17
Poverty (Indigent) tariff (A281/2005)	407.05	431.47	491.88
PENALTIES: TEMPERING WI	TH WATER METERS	(RECONNECTION FEI	Ε)
Domestic Consumers (Pre-paid &		2000 E 1	
Convensional)	1115	1000	
FIRST OFFENCE			
Without damage to installation	1 219.73	2 500.00	2850.00
With damage to installation	1 954.24	3 000.00	3420.00
SECOND OFFENCE	1 954.24	5 000.00	5700.00
THIRD OFFENCE	· 不		
Legal action and removal of meter	e ballo	/	
	1 8 1	/	
SELF – RECONNECTION	ST WEST		
When a customer has illegally reconnected	SLAE /		
himself/herself after he/she has been cut-off due		ABORE	2
to reasons such as:	1	TOORE	
Failure to pay his/her account;	ET		V
After meter has been found tempered			
with; and			
Meter by-passed by customer			
If customers readings, differs from those taken	2 296.80	5 000.00	

when he/she was cut-off, such customer be		
declared self-reconnected and the following fine		
be imposed upon him/her and the installation be		
removed		

CATEGORY	CURRENT	PROPOSED	PROPOSED
	TARIFFS 2011/12	TARIFFS 2012/13	TARIFFS 2012/13
	(Excluding VAT)	(Excluding VAT)	(Including VAT)
BUSINESS CONSUMERS AND LARGE	C IN C		
WATER USERS	000		
FIRST OFFENCE			
Plus an estimated cost for loss of income during	4 287.37	5 000.00	5700.00
the period when the meter was tempered with		Section 1	
SECOND OFFENCE	441	212	
Legal action and removal of meter			
The occupier/owner of the property be held liable	and the same of		
for any tempering with any meter on his/her			
property	otto otto	7	



#### 9.11 Refuse Removal

- 9.11.1 Currently refuse removal is operating at a loss. In normal practice terms, the rendering of this service should at least break-even, which is currently not the case. Umjindi will have to implement a strategy to ensure that this service can be rendered in a sustainable manner over the long-to-medium-term and therefore is the amended tariff structure being proposed.
- 9.11.2 The total revenue expected to be generated from rendering this service amounts to R 11 039 million for the 2012/2013 financial year.
- 9.11.4 The following table indicates a comparison between current and proposed amounts payable from 1 July 2012 (VAT EXCLUDED)

CATEGORY	CURRENT TARIFFS	PROPOSED	PROPOSED
	2011/12	TARIFFS 2012/13	TARIFFS 2012/13
	(Excluding VAT)	(Excluding VAT)	(Including VAT)
	R	R	
Once per Week	-11 411		
Residential once per week	65.00	<mark>70.</mark> 00	79.80
Daily Removal – Food Premises & Other	T. T.		
1st Bin	210.00	700.00	798.00
2 <sup>nd</sup> Bin	150.00	Nil	Nil
Spaza Shops	VIAT TO	175.44	200.00
General Businesses		480.00	547.20
Institutional, Whole sale, Industrial	L	3 800.00	4 332.00
Centres (Jock, Eureka, Lomati)	1	14 000.00	15 960.00
Town Prison –twice per week	ET	14 000.00	15 960.00
Hospitals, SANTA -twice per week		14 000.00	15 960.00
Prison Farm -twice per week		22 000.00	25080.00
		<u> </u>	ļ

OTHER REMOVALS	CURRENT TARIFFS	PROPOSED	PROPOSED
	2011/12	TARIFFS 2012/13	TARIFFS 2012/13
	(Excluding VAT)	(Excluding VAT)	(Including VAT)
Special removals 6 per m3	673.21	713.60	813.51
Bulk containers/Bins (Business)	238.38	252.68	288.05
Rental of Bulk containers/Bins (Maximum 3 days)	280.36	297.18	338.78
Unsound foodstuff per removal	725.14	768.65	876.26
	Louis		
Cleaning of Erven per m2	1.24	1.31	1.49



#### 9.12 **Sanitation**

- 9.12.1 The tariff is proposed to be increased by 6% from 1 July 2012
- 9.12.2 The total revenue expected to be generated from rendering this service amounts to R 5 445 million for the 2012/2013 financial year.
- 9.12.3 The following table indicate the proposed tariffs (VAT EXCLUDED) to be implemented with effect from 1 July 2012:

CATEGORY	CURRENT	PROPOSED	PROPOSED
	TARIFFS 2011/12	TARIFFS 2012/13	TARIFFS 2012/13
	(Excluding VAT)	(Excluding VAT)	(Including VAT)
	R	R	
Private Residential Purposes	11(		
For every 100m2 or portion thereof	5,44	5.77	6.57
Maximum	106.00	112.35	128.08
Prisons	-	35734	
For every 100m2 or portion thereof	5,44	5.77	6.57
Maximum	2 476.13	2 624.70	2992.16
Other Land	Late		
For every 100m2 or portion thereof	5.44	5.77	6.57
Maximum	1 485.68	1 578.82	1 795.30
Domestic sewerage	The same	1000	
Per water closet pan, urinal or compartment	16.13	17.09	19.49
Connection fees	1	ABURE	
	Cost + 15%	Cost + 15%	Cost + 15%
Sewerage Connection Fees			
Sewerage connection fees	1 111 24	1 177.91	1 342.82
Poverty (Indigent) tariff	529.65	561.43	640.03
CATEGORY	CURRENT	PROPOSED	PROPOSED

	TARIFFS 2011/12	TARIFFS 2012/13	TARIFFS 2012/13			
	(Excluding VAT)	(Excluding VAT)	(Including VAT)			
Self Connection / Illegal connection Fees						
When a resident, business has illegally connected him/herself to the sewerage network						
Residential	1 500.00	1 590.00	1 812.60			
Business	3 000.00	3 180.00	3 625.20			
Sewerage Blockages Private Properties	No service	No service	No service			



#### 9.13 **Electricity**

- 9.13.1 The tariff is proposed to be changed according to NERSA guidelines regarding the implementation of the block tariffs as from 1 July 2012
- 9.13.2 The current proposed electricity tariff increases for the 2012/13 MTREF is approved during the mayoral meeting in February.
- 9.13.3 The total revenue expected to be generated from rendering this service amounts to R 71 079 million for the 2012/2013 financial year.
- 9.13.4 All residents of Umjindi excluding registered indigent household will no more get the granted 50 kWh per month free of charge due to the new block tariff structure which itself will reduce the electricity bill for low consumers as from 1 July 2012.
- 9.13.5 The following table indicates the proposed electricity charges (VAT EXCLUDED) for the 2012/13 financial year

CATEGORY	CURRENT TARIFFS	PROPOSED	PROPOSED
	2011/12	TARIFFS 2012/13	TARIFFS
	(Excluding VAT)	(Excluding VAT)	2012/13
			(Including VAT)
	R	R	
DOMESTIC (HOUSEHOLD, FLATS, GUEST HOUSES,	The same of the sa		
CHURCHES & SCHOOLS WITHOUT KVA AND	LA	BORE	
AGRICULTURAL HOLDINGS)			/
	ET		
Domestic Basic Charge			
Domestic with no consumption for 30 days and longer	150.00	166.50	189.81
Residential	150.00	166.50	189.81

Domestic Energy Charge of Electricity (Block tariff)			
Conventional 0 – 50 units Block 1	0.650	0.660	0.753
Conventional 51 – 351 units Block 2	0.750	0.820	0.935
Conventional 351 – 600 units Block 3	0.970	1.075	1.226
Conventional 601 – above Block 4	1.140	1.268	1.446
Pre-paid Domestic 0 -50 units Block 1	0.630	0.660	0.753
Pre-paid Domestic 51 -350 units Block 2	0.710	0.810	0.924
Pre-paid Domestic 351 -600 units Block 3	0.950	1.060	1.209
Pre-paid Domestic 600 and above Block 4	1.140	1.280	1.460
COMMERCIAL (MUNICIPAL , BUSINESS ETC)	SELECTION OF THE PARTY OF THE P		
Basic Charge (conventional)	7	S SEES SEE	
Three phase (including vacant stand)	760.00	843.00	961.02
Single phase (including vacant stand)	665.00	740.00	843.60
Energy Charge of Electricity			
Charge per unit	0,880	0.925	1.055
Business consumption (Pre-paid)	1.025	1.300	1.482
INDUSTRIAL (MUNCIPAL, BUSINESS, SCHOOLS WITH KVA ECT)  Low Voltage 400 V (Demand Scale)	Page.		
Metered KVA	115.00	138.00	157.32
Charge per unit	0.536	0.980	1.118
Basic charge (including vacant stands)	977.00	1 085.00	1 236.90
Time of use	777.00	1 000.00	1 230.70
Peak	2.550	2.550	2.907
Standard	0.536	0.595	0.679
Off-peak	0.362	0.402	0.459
KVA 11000V			

Metered KVA	114.00	126.00	143.64
Charge per unit	0.420	0.900	1.026
Basic charge (including vacant stand)	977.00	1 085.00	1 236.90
Time of use			
Basic charge	977.00	1 085.00	1 236.90
Demand charge per kVA (30 min periods)	1000		
Energy charges	31		
Peak	17		
High Demand (June – August)	1.58	1.754	2.000
Low Demand (September – May)	0.506	0.562	0.641
Standard	Maria .		
High Demand (June – August)	0.482	0.535	0.610
Low Demand (September – May)	0.343	0.381	0.435
Off-peak			
High Demand (June – August)	0.268	0.298	0.340
Low Demand (September – May)	0.235	0.261	0.298
CONNECTION CHARGES AND OTHER	on, ott.		
MAINTENANCE			
Single phase pre-paid meter	4 950.00	4 950.00	5 643.00
Single phase conventional meter	1 485.00	1 485.00	1 692.90
Single phase pre-paid meter (Poverty)Indigent	1 485.00	1 485.00	1 692.90
Three phase pre-paid meter	8 250.00	8 250.00	9 405.00
Three phase conventional meter	8 005.00	8 005.00	9 125.70
Change conventional to pre-paid meter (single phase)	812.00	812.00	925.80
Change conventional to pre-paid meter (three phase)	4092.00	1 660.00	1 892.40
Change pre-paid to conventional (Single phase)	842.00	842.00	959.88
Change pre-paid to conventional (Three phase)	1 660.00	1 660.00	1 892.40
PENALTIES: TEMPERING WITH ELECTRICITY			
METERS			

Domestic Consumer (Pre-paid & Conventional)			
First Offence			
Without damage to installation	1 950.00	2 500.00	2 850.00
With damage to installation	2 850.00	3 200.00	3 648.00
Second Offence			
	3 650.00	3 650.00	4 161.00
Third Offence	6-10		
Legal action and removal of meter	16		
SELF – RECONNECTION			
When a customer has illegally reconnected			
himself/herself after he/she has been cut-off due to	Traction		
reasons such as:	JH JIM		
Failure to pay his/her account;			
After meter has been found tempered with; and			
Meter by-passed by customer		100	
If customers readings, differs from those taken when	2 350.00	2 500.00	2 850.00
he/she was cut-off, such customer be declared self-			
reconnected and the following fine be imposed upon		A	
him/her and the installation be removed			
Business Consumers and Large Power users	10510	1	
FIRST OFFENCE	038 000		
Plus an estimated cost for loss of income during the	6 200.00	6 200.00	7 068.00
period when the meter was tempered with			
SECOND OFFENCE	LA	BORE	i i
Legal action and removal of meter			6
The occupier/owner of the property be held liable for any	T	1	
tempering with any meter on his/her property			
Testing of Meters (Section 9(1) of By Laws)	850.00	1 050.00	1 197.00
Attendance to complaint other than fault in council's	295.00	350.00	399.00
supply or equipment (per call)			

Testing of electrical installation (Section 16(8)b of By-	450.00	450.00	513.00	
Laws) – On request of consumer				
Replacement of tariff circuit breakers with				
Higher circuit breaker per phase	350.00	350.00	399.00	
Lower circuit breaker per phase	3 500.00	3 500.00	3 990.00	
Consumer is of the opinion tariff circuit breaker tr	ALCOHOL: NO.			
current value that its rating	11			
Tariff	285.00	350.00	399.00	
Per circuit breaker	130.00	180.00	205.20	
(These costs are refundable at non-compliance)	200			
After a tariff circuit breaker has been tested, the	Name of the last			
Engineer's finding as to the tariff circuit breaker's	On Gara			
compliance with the provisions of these By-Laws				
shall be final and a tariff circuit breaker shall be	115			
regarded as complying with the provisions of these	114			
By-Laws if the test proves that it does not trip within				
30 minutes when it passes a steady current of 5%				
below its rating	alle alle			
Aggregate of units determined by Council Engineer				
	1200	/ 2		
Testing/fault finding on electrical cables	1 150 00	1 250 00	1 405 00	
First 2 hours	1 150.00	1 250.00	1 425.00	
Every hour thereafter	420.00	450.00	513.00	
Plus: Travel cost	Actual cost	Actual cost	Actual cost	
Tariff classification	1	THE	7	
In the event of a dispute regarding the tariff under which	T			
a consumer is classified, Council's decision shall be final				

#### 9.14 Other tariffs

- 9.14.1 The tariffs for all other services rendered i.e approval of building plans etc, will be increased with an inflation related percentage as per attached as Annexure to this report.
- 9.14.2 The shortfall owing to these tariffs not always covering costs is funded through property rates.

#### 9.15 Equitable Share

- 9.15.1 The Equitable share allocation to the local sphere of government is an important supplement to existing municipal revenue and takes account of the fiscal capacity, fiscal efficiency, developmental needs, extent of poverty and backlogs in municipalities
- 9.15.2 It is an unconditional grant and allocations are contained in the Division of Revenue Act (DORA)
- 19.15.3 The structure and components of the formula are summarized as follows:

Grant = BS + D + I + R+(-) C where:

BS = Basic Service Component

D = Development component

I = Institutional Support Component

R = Revenue-raising Capacity Correction

C = Correction and stabilization factor

- 19.15.4 It should be noted that the basic component support is only for poor households earning less than R1 200 per month and it also distinguishes between poor households provided with services and those provided with lesser or no services.
- 19.15.5 A municipality should prioritize its budget towards poor households and national priorities such as free basic services and the expanded public works programme
- 19.15.6 In terms of the DoRA (Division of Revenue act), the allocation towards Umjindi for 2012/2013 is R 45 152 million for the financial year.

## 10. EXEPENDITURE FRAMEWORK

- 10.1 Some of the salient features and best practice methodologies relating to expenditure include the following:
- 10.1.1 Asset renewal strategy (infrastructure repairs and maintenance a priority)
- 10.1.2 Balanced budget constraint (expenditure cannot exceed revenue)
- 10.1.3 Capital programme aligned to asset renewal strategy
- 10.1.4 Operational gains and efficiencies resulting in additional funding capacity on the capital programme as well as redirection of funding to other critical areas, and
- 10.1.5 Strict principle of no project plan (business plan) no budget allocation (funding allocation)
- 10.2 The following table is a high level summary of the draft 2012/13 Medium-Term Expenditure Framework (Classified per main category of expenditure).

DESCRIPTION	APPROVED	ADJUSTME	BUDGET	%	BUDGET	BUDGET
	BUDGET	NT BUDGET	YEAR	INCREASE /	YEAR	YEAR
	2011/12	2011/12	2012/13	(DECREASE)	2013/14	2014/15
Operating Expenditure by	R'000	R'000	R'000		R'000	R′000
Туре	1	盘 组			26	
Employee related costs	58 554	58 554	62 290	6	66 028	69 709
Remuneration of Councilors	5 576	5 576	6 022	7	6 383	6 765
Electricity bulk purchases	48 820	48 820	60 650	20	73 993	88 051
Depreciation & Impairment	55 000	55 000	30 000	-83	31 800	41 753
Repair and Maintenance	6 708	6 708	8 341	20	8 887	9 369
General expenses	41 893	41 893	53 412	22	49 792	52 861
TOTAL OPERATING EXPE	216 551	216 551	220 715	2	236 883	268 508

- 10.3 The Total expenditure for the 2012/2013 year has increased by 15% against the 2011/12 adjustment budget if the depreciation of assets is not taken in consideration which decreased from R 55 million to R 30 million.
- 10.4 In terms of the projected R 68 312 million for the 2012/2013 financial year, indicative salary increases have been included and represents 30% of the total operating expenditure budget
- 10.5 The cost associated with the remuneration of councilors is determined and informed directly by way of the Remuneration of Public Office Bearers Act 1998 (Act No. 20 of 1998)
- 10.6 Aligned to the best practice methodology of preserving and maintaining current infrastructure, the expenditure framework has essentially catered for infrastructure maintenance
- 10.7 Compared to the 2011/12 adjustment budget, the repairs and maintenance for the 2012/2013 year has increased by 20% from R 6, 7 million to R 8,3 million
- 10.8 Compared to the 2011/12 adjustment budget, the bulk electricity purchase for the 2012/2013 year has increased by 20% from R48, 2 million to R 60, 6 million
- 10.9 General expenditure comprises of municipal rates and services, administration and general related expenditure. The general expenditure did increase with 22% from R 41 893 million on the adjustment budget for 2011/12 to R 53 412 million for the 2012/2013 MTREF
- 10.10 The number of households in informal areas that receives free services and the cost of these services (eg. Delivery of water in rural areas) are not taken into account in the table above
- 10.11 Revenue estimated to be foregone with regards to property rates rebate is R 504 000 for the 2012/13 financial year
- 10.12 The cost (revenue forgone) of the social package of the registered indigent household is offset by the equitable share received in terms of the DoRa (Division of Revenue act).

## 12. CONCLUSION

- 12.1 Although the Municipality in its entirety faces many financial and non-financial challenges, the continued improvement and development of an effective financial planning process aids the actualization of fulfilling its facilitating role to capacitate the community to build a prosperous future for all
- 12.2 The 2012/2013 MTREF contains realistic and credible revenue and expenditure proposals which should provide sound basis for improved financial management and institutional development as well as service delivery improvement and implementation.
- 12.3 The public participation and consultation process will have to take place in April 2012 regarding the community input on the draft MTREF for 2012/2013



#### 13. RECOMMENDATION

- That in terms of Section 24 of the Municipal Finance Management Act, (Act 56 of 2003), the annual budget of the municipality for the financial year 2012/2013, and indicative allocations for the two projected outer years 2013/2014 and 2014/2015, and the multi-year and single year capital appropriations are approved as set out in the following tables:
- 13.1.1 Budgeted Financial Performance (revenue and expenditure by standard classification) as contained in Table A2.
- 13.1.2 Budgeted Financial Performance (revenue and expenditure by municipal vote) as contained in Table A3.
- 13.1.3 Budgeted Financial Performance (revenue by source and expenditure by type) as contained in Table A4.
- 13.1.4 Multi-year and single year capital appropriations by municipal vote and standard classification and associated funding by source as contained in Table A5.
- That the financial position, cash flow, cash-backed reserves/accumulated surplus, asset management and basic service delivery target are adopted as set out in the following tables:
- 13.2.1 Budgeted Financial Position as contained in Table A6.
- 13.2.2 Budgeted Cash Flows as contained in Table A7.
- 13.2.3 Cash backed reserves and accumulated surplus reconciliation as contained in Table A8.
- 13.2.4 Asset Management as contained in Table A9.
- 13.2.5 Basic Service Delivery measurements as contained in Table A10.
- That in terms of Section 75A of the Local Government: Municipal Systems Act, Act 32 of 2000, the tariffs for Property Rates, Electricity, Water, Sanitation as well as refuse removal as set out in Annexure A, B, C, D and E respectively, be approved with effect from 1 July 2012.
- 13.4 That in terms of Section 75A of the Local Government: Municipal Systems Act, Act 32 of 2000, the tariffs for other services, as set out in Annexure F1 to F12 respectively, be approved with effect from 1 July 2012.
- 13.5 That the proposed electricity tariff increase is subject to approval by NERSA and will be effective as from 1 July 2012.

- 13.6 That all budget related policies, reviewed and amended be approved and applicable with effect from 1 July 2012.
- 13.7 That the Service Delivery and Budget Implementation Plans be approved and implemented with effect from 1 July 2012.

